## SENATE BILL 1307

## By Yarbro

AN ACT to amend Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 66, relative to rental properties.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF TENNESSEE:

- SECTION 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Right to Call for Help Act."
- SECTION 2. Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 66, Chapter 7, is amended by adding the following as a new section:
  - (a) A landlord shall not prohibit or limit a resident's or tenant's right to summon law enforcement or other emergency assistance by or on behalf of a victim of abuse, a victim of a crime, or an individual in an emergency.
  - (b) A landlord shall not impose any penalty, monetary or otherwise, on a resident or tenant who exercises a right under subsection (a) to summon law enforcement or other emergency assistance.
  - (c) Any right granted under this section may not be waived. Any purported waiver is contrary to public policy and void.
    - (d) As used in this section "penalty" includes, but is not limited to:
      - (1) The actual or threatened assessment of fines; and
    - (2) The actual or threatened eviction of the resident or tenant from the premises.
  - (e) This section does not prohibit a landlord from terminating, evicting, or refusing to renew a tenancy or rental agreement when such action is premised upon grounds other than the resident's or tenant's rights under this section.

- (f) No ordinance, rule, or regulation of a city, county, or other governmental entity shall authorize imposition of a penalty against a landlord, owner, resident, or tenant because the landlord, owner, resident, or tenant was a victim of abuse or crime.
- (g) No ordinance, rule, or regulation of a city, county, or other governmental entity shall authorize imposition of a penalty against a landlord, owner, resident, or tenant because the landlord, owner, resident, or tenant sought law enforcement assistance or other emergency assistance for a victim of abuse, a victim of a crime, or an individual in an emergency if:
  - (1) The landlord, owner, resident, or tenant seeking assistance had a reasonable belief that the emergency assistance was necessary to prevent the perpetration or escalation of the abuse, crime, or emergency; or
  - (2) In the event of abuse, crime, or other emergency, the emergency assistance was actually required.
- (h) Except as provided in subsections (f) and (g), this section does not prohibit a city, county, or other governmental entity from enforcing any ordinance, rule, or regulation.

SECTION 3. This act takes effect upon becoming a law, the public welfare requiring it.

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